outside: panel 3 (Grand Portage)

Fish to Avoid

Mercury levels are too high

Do not eat the following fish if you are pregnant or may become pregnant, or are under 15 years old:

- Lake Superior Namegos (longer than 39 inches)
- Lake Superior Siscowet namegos (longer than 29 inches)
- Maashkinoozhe
- Shark
- Swordfish
- Trout Lake Asaawens (longer than 10 inches)

Raw and smoked fish may cause illness If you are or might be pregnant:

- Eat only cooked fish—Parasites and bacteria in uncooked fish, such as sushi, can cause illness.
- Avoid smoked fish due to concerns about the bacteria Listeria.

FOR MORE INFORMATION

 Grand Portage Health Service PO Box 428 62 Upper Road Grand Portage, MN 55605 218-475-2235



• Trust Lands Grand Portage **Band of Chippewa** 27 Store Road Grand Portage, MN 55605 218-475-2415

Visit **health.state.mn.us/fish** for recommendations for specific Minnesota lakes and rivers.

For men, older boys and women who are not and will not become pregnant, follow the guidelines in this brochure when eating Lake Superior fish. Other fish can be eaten about 3 times more often than the guidelines in this brochure.

Cooking, cleaning and contaminants

- You cannot remove mercury through cleaning, trimming fat or cooking. Mercury gets into the flesh of fish.
- You can reduce some other contaminants by trimming skin and fat when you clean and cook fish.

LIGHT OR WHITE **CANNED TUNA?**

Choose canned light tuna more often than canned white tuna. Canned light tuna has 3 times less mercury than canned white (albacore) tuna and is less expensive.

Bought or Caught

Think: species, size and source

How much mercury is in fish depends on the:

- **Species.** Some fish have more mercury than others because of what they eat and how long they live.
- Size. Smaller fish generally have less mercury than larger, older fish of the same species. Unlike people, fish do not get rid of mercurv.
- Source. Fish from lakes in northeastern Minnesota generally have more mercury than in southern and central Minnesota. How clean a lake looks is not a sign of how safe the fish are to eat.

Fish bought at a store or restaurant also contain mercury. Farm-raised fish, such as salmon, are low in mercury but can contain other contaminants that may be found in fish feed. The amount of contaminants is small enough that farm-raised salmon are still good to eat 2 times a week.



Try this easy, tasty recipe for serving up a good source of omega-3s. Lake trout has rich, tender flakes. Serve with brown rice and a mixed green salad for up to 4 people.

What you need

How to prepare

Other options



Parmesan Lake Trout

1 pound lake trout fillet (not steak) 2 tablespoons grated Parmesan cheese 1 tablespoon horseradish, drained 1/3 cup plain nonfat yogurt 1 tablespoon Dijon mustard 1 tablespoon lemon juice

1. Arrange the fillet, skin side down, on foil-covered broiler pan.

2. Combine remaining ingredients and spread over fillet. 3. Bake at 450°F or broil on high for 10 to 15 minutes, until you can easily flake the fillet with a fork. Do not overcook fish.

Grill on foil sprayed with cooking oil for 10 to 15 minutes. Use salmon instead of lake trout.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

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4/17

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IT IS STILL OK TO EAT FISH

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR WOMEN & CHILDREN

inside: panel 2 (Grand Portage)

inside: panel 3 (Grand Portage)



These recommendations* are for women who are or may become pregnant and children under 15 years old.

EVERY WEEK: EAT 2 TIMES

OR

CHOOSE

FISH

recommendations to save.

Take a photo of these

share, post or pin.

VERY LOW MERCURY

From inland waters

- South Fowl Asaawens
- Taylor Lake Miskozhigone namegos

From Lake Superior

- Adikameg
- Coho salmon
- Menominee
- Okewis
- Rainbow trout
- Smelt

From stores and restaurants

- Cod
- Salmon (Atlantic and Pacific) •
- Sardines •
- Shellfish (such as shrimp and crab)
- Tilapia
- Fish sticks and sandwiches

Higher in omega-3s

EVERY WEEK: EAT 1 TIME

LOW MERCURY

From inland waters

- Pigeon River Ogaa (less than 15 inches long)
- South Fowl Ginoozhe (less than 20 inches long) and Ogaa (less than 18 inches long)
- Swamp Lake Miskozhigone namegos

From Lake Superior

- Chinook salmon (less than 32 inches long)
- Namegos (less than 22 inches long)

From stores and restaurants

- Canned light tuna
- Halibut

hese recommendations are based on a portion size of 8 ounces (raw fish) for someone who weighs 150 pounds. Visit health.state.mn.us/fish for more information about serving size.

Adikameg Lake whitefish Asaawens Yellow perch **Ginoozhe** Northern pike Maashkinoozhe Muskellunge (Muskie) Miskozhigone namegos Brook trout **Mizav** Burbot Namegos Lake trout Noosa'owesi Smallmouth bass **Ogaa** Walleye **Okewis** Lake herring (Cisco) Siscowet namegos Siscowet lake trout

[IF YOU CHOOSE] **EVERY MONTH: EAT 1 TIME**

MEDIUM MERCURY

From inland waters

- Pigeon River Ginoozhe, Noosa'owesi and Ogaa (longer than 15 inches)
- South Fowl Ginoozhe (longer than 20 inches) and Ogaa (longer than 18 inches)
- Trout Lake Asaawens (less than 10 inches long)

From Lake Superior

- Chinook salmon
- (longer than 32 inches)
- Mizay
- Namegos (22 to 39 inches long)
- Ogaa
- Siscowet namegos (less than 29 inches long)

From stores and restaurants

- Canned white (albacore) tuna
- Tuna (fillet and steak)



Fresh, frozen or **canned.** store-bought or locally caught—fish tastes good and is good for you.

Do the body and brain good

Eating fish 1 to 2 times a week has health benefits for people of all ages.

Fish are a great choice for serving up tasty lean protein with plenty of vitamins and minerals. Fish also are a natural source of omega-3 fatty acidsa good kind of fat!

inside: panel 5 (Grand Portage)

The omega-3 fatty acids found in fish are called EPA and DHA. Our bodies cannot make EPA and DHA. Eating fish is the main way to get these important fatty acids that you do not get from other foods. (Supplements may not be as beneficial.) Here is the best part:

- DHA is a building block of the brain and eyes.
- Pregnant women and breastfeeding moms can eat fish to give DHA to their babies.
- Eating fish can lower the risk of heart disease.

What about mercury and other contaminants?

The benefits of eating fish outweigh the risks when eating fish low in mercury and other contaminants.

Young children (under 15 years old) and fetuses are more sensitive to mercury. Too much mercury can cause lasting problems with understanding and learning. But studies show children benefit developmentally when moms eat fish low in mercury during pregnancy.

What to do?

- Eat fish.
- Follow the recommendations in this brochure to prevent mercury and other contaminants from building up in your body.
- Contaminants take time to leave the body, so spread out your fish meals over time.

Visit ChooseYourFish.org for more information.