Minnesota Department *of* Health

Mental Well-being Matters

Mental well-being is about your quality of life: realizing your abilities, dealing with day to day stress, have meaningful relationships, working and contributing to family and community.ⁱ

About 80% of us struggle with mental wellbeing at some point, whether we have a mental illness or not. Common challenges and signs include:

- Lack of a sense of purpose
- Regularly stressed from daily pressures
- Lack of a good social support system
- Lack of housing or employment
- Experiencing social exclusion

Life Implications

Poor mental well-being is linked with higher rates of:

- Injury
- Disability
- Chronic disease
- Job productivity
- Criminal justice involvement
- Life expectancy
- Lifetime Mental Illnessⁱⁱ

Culturally Important

For groups that have experienced oppression, moving toward optimal mental well-being is an important goal. This struggle is fueled by historical and current collective trauma and injustice, which must be addressed to achieve mental well-being.

Tools and Tips

Develop relationships with people who are caring, supportive, emotionally healthy and safe. This is critical at every stage of life. Join a group. Get your child a mentor. Invest in your friendships.ⁱⁱⁱ

Develop skills to manage stress and to engage in your world. Learn about your unique strengths and passions. Use them! Volunteer. Develop a <u>gratitude practice</u>^{iv}, guided imagery, mindfulness, yoga, or other centering activity.

Find hope and connection often found through community, culture, and faith is powerful. Cultivate connections that are important to you.

Connect with nature to reduce stress and improve attention. Walk outside. Play outside. Protect and expand green spaces near your home, daycare, and work.^v

Sleep, exercise, and eat healthy Good choices for overall health also matters for mental well-being. Our bodies and brains are connected; our physical and mental well-being are linked.

Organize Get active in your community. Almost every government and business decision impacts our mental well-being. Decisions can influence inclusion or availability of key mental well-being ingredients. While you're at it, you will build and model self-determination and selfefficacy, key social and emotional health skills.

For more mental well-being resources go to <u>Mental Health Promotions</u> (https://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/cfh/t opic/mentalhealth/).

MDH Minnesota Department *of* Health

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ⁱ Herman, H, Saxena, S, Moodie, R (2005). Promoting Mental Health-Concepts, Emerging Evidence, Practice. World Health Organization <u>http://www.who.int/features/factfiles/mental_health/en/</u>

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ⁱⁱ Keyes, C. and Simoes, E. (2012). To Flourish or Not: Positive Mental Health and All-Cause Mortality. American Journal of Public Health, 102 (11), 2164-2172. Center on the Developing Child at Harvard University (2015)

^{III} Supportive Relationships and Active Skill-Building Strengthen the Foundations of Resilience: Working Paper No 13. Retrieved from: www.developingchild.harvard.edu

¹^v Emmons, R. and McCullough, M. (2003). Counting Blessings versus Burdens: An Experimental Investigation of Gratitude and Subjective Well-Being in Daily Life. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 84 (2), 377-389.

^v Wells, N. and Evans, G. (2003). Nearby Nature: A Buffer of Life Stress Among Rural Children. Environment and behavior, Vol 35 (3), 311-330. Retrieved by: <u>http://www.outdoorfoundation.org/pdf/NearbyNature.pdf</u>